From "Smart Objects" to "Social Objects":
The Next Evolutionary Step of the Internet of Things

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Luigi Atzori, University of Cagliari Antonio Iera, University of Reggio Calabria Giacomo Morabito, University of Catania

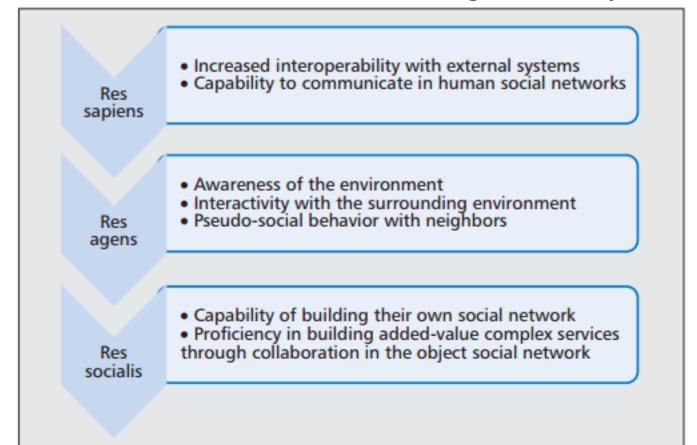
1. Introduction

- ▶ 1.1 At the present stage of the IoT evolution, the questions are:
- i)Are there new potentials that smart objects are still expected to manifest?
- ii)Can these potentials bring new (more effective) models of IoT systems and contribute toward the achievement of a fully networked human society?

- ▶ 1.2 A new generation of social objects that:
- i) are able to interact with other objects in an autonomous way with
- respect to the owners;
- ii) can easily crawl the IoT made of billions of objects to discover
- services and information in a trust-oriented way;
- iii) are able to advertise their presence to provide services to the rest
- of the network

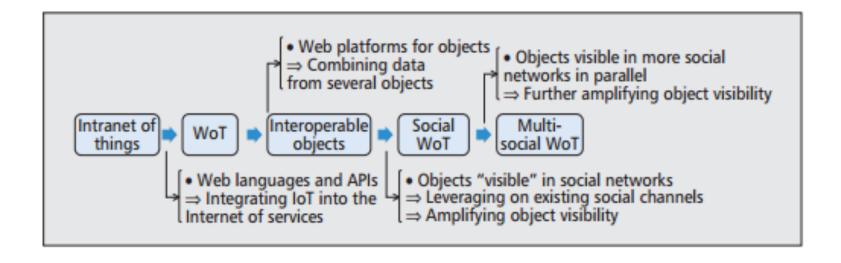
2.FROM SMART THINGS TO THINGS THAT SOCIALIZE

Figure 1. Main features of the identified three categories IoT objects.



Res sapiens: smart object Res agens: acting object Res socialis: social object

2.1 THE STATUS QUO: SMART OBJECT IN THE IOT



2.2 THE ONGOING EVOLUTIONARY STEP: ACTING OBJECTS IN THE IOT

- ▶ i) Smart-Its Friends procedure:
- smart wireless devices, which in general integrate sensing, processing, and communication functions
- ▶ ii)Participative Market Solution

2.3 THE FUTURE EVOLUTIONARY STEP: SOCIAL OBJECTS IN THE IOT

- Why objects should have their own social network?
- In the scientific arena there have been discussions on what an object really has to say to another object for which you really need an IoT.
- Or
- How these "conversations" between objects may promote the development of human society.

Major characteristics of platforms and implementations on a social web of things.

| Project/ company | Website or Twitter | Interaction between things | Autonomous establishment of social relationships | Open to the development of new applications | Clear application/ business case |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| Toyota Friend | https://twitter.com/#!/toyotafriend | Minimal | No | No | Yes |
| Nike+ | http://nikeplus.nike.com | Minimal | No | No | Yes |
| Xively | http://www.xively.cim | Yes | No | Yes | Unspecified |
| Paraimpu | http://www.crs4.it/paraimpu | Yes | No | Yes | Unspecified |
| Social Web of Things | http://labs.ericsson.com/ | Yes | Unspecified | Yes | Yes |
| Evrythng | http://www.evrythng.com | Yes | Yes | Yes | Unspecified |
| Platform in [21] | N.A. | Yes | Unspecified | Yes | No |

EXPLOITING FEATURES OF SOCIAL OBJECTS AT THE APPLICATION LAYER

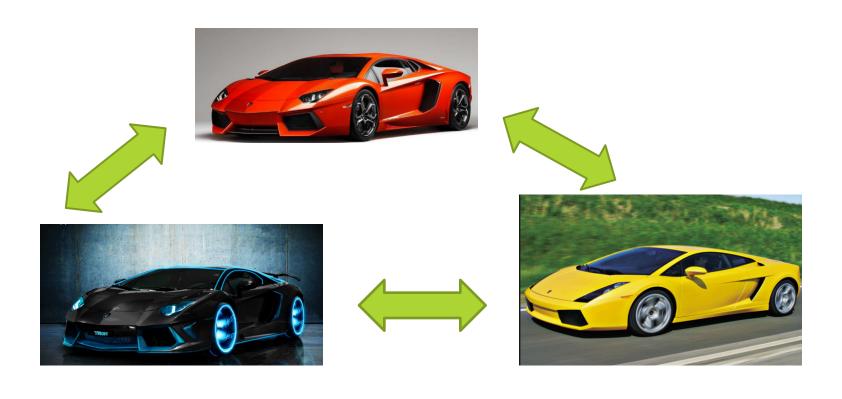
| Feature | Description | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| Find service providers | The network of friends is crawled to find another object capable of providing the needed service. | | |
| Publish information | The object publishes new information along friendship paths to optimize its consumption while limiting message exchanges. | | |
| Evaluate trustworthiness | The community is exploited to rate the trustwor- thiness of potential providers of information and services. | | |
| Get filtered information | To improve the accuracy of information, commu- nities of objects collaborate to provide a commor view. | | |

Main features of a possible social network of objects to be exploited toward the development of complex IoT applications.

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OPEN RESEARCH ISSUES

1.DEFINITION OF INTER-OBJECT RELATIONSHIPS

- Digital representations
- New types of social relationships
- Effectively and efficiently discover ,interact with objects
- 2. Security and Privacy issues

Conclusion

The thought of allowing the development of relationships between smart devices could lead to more productive, technology-aided lives.