A Home Mobile Healthcare System for Wheelchair Users

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Content

- Introduction
- Motivation
- Related Work
- Proposed Architecture
- Hardware Design
- Prototype
- Conclusion
- Future work

Introduction

- Quality of life is main target of Smart Cities
- Importance of Mobile Healthcare services
- Chronic Disease Influence
- Hard For Wheel chair users to do daily actives
- Home devices should be remotely operated





mHeath and IOT

- Intelligent portable instruments
- Helps elderly to protect daily life
- Helps to solve interconnection issues
- Using wireless body area network & Smart Phone Technology

Motivation

- Many mobile health care devices Available
- There are some limitations
- Weak Interaction
- Lack of mobility
- No centralized control
- Lack of real-time monitoring



Related Work

- Independent Lifestyle Assistant
 A Fully automated home environment, Developed by Honeywell
- AwareHome Indirectly track behaviour of elderly, Developed by Georgia Institute of Technology
- OpenHealth
 Self health monitoring application, Developed by Cornell University
- Smart wheelchair
 Wheelchair can measure heart rate, aspiratory rate & motion state



Proposed Architecture



Proposed Architecture

This Architecture has three main layers

- WBSNs and Smart Object
- > This explained status of user on physiology parameters and living environment
- Smart Phone Layer
- It acts as gateway for local sensor network, also perceive the surroundings in outdoors & manage smart objects.
- Data Center Layer
- It receives the data from gateway via internet & react according to received data.

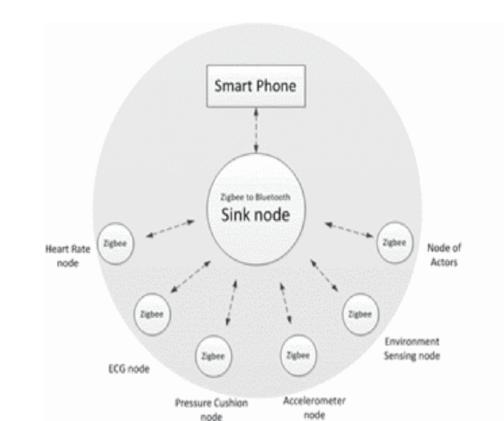
Hardware Design

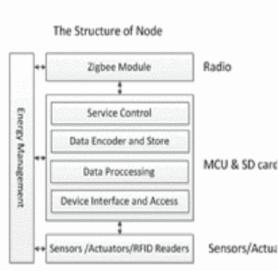
Hardware Design has five Components

- Wireless Body Area Networks
- Wheelchair Perception
- Physiological Parameters
- Living Environment Perception
- Intelligent Actuators

Wireless Body Area Network

- > Defines the connection of smart objects with internet
- > ZigBee and Bluetooth act as communication mode
- Sink node get data from children node.





Wheelchair Perception

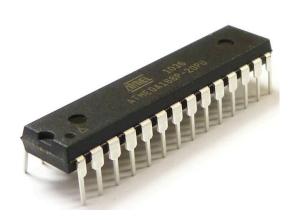
- Wheelchair has pressure cushion to check the human body falling
- Build in Accelerator sensor to check the falling of wheelchair





Other components

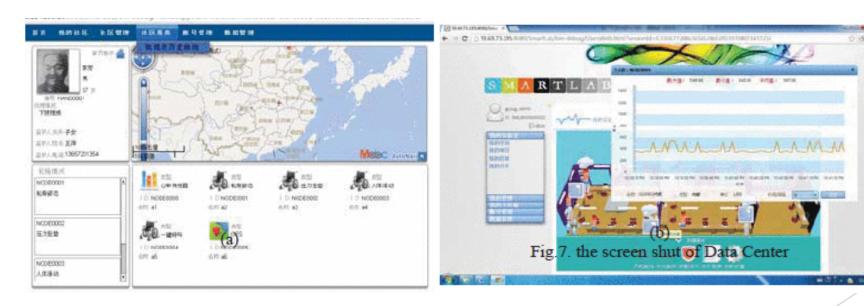
- > Physiological parameters: Heart rate Sensor, EEG Sensor etc. (expendable)
- Living perception has sensors of living environment parameters
- Intelligent actuators: IR, RFID, Bluetooth etc.
- CC2520 chip and ATmega168p processor.





Prototype and Implementation

- Validity of mhealth system checked by using of Smartlobt IOT platform, provides data connection.
- Control mechanical of this system tested on Andriod 4.04, Cortex A9 1.2 GHz



Conclusion

- Mobile data collection improves the flexibility and portability of measurement system.
- This system based indirectly healthcare monitoring which is more comprehensive.
- It has remote monitoring center, so users and family members can operate the home intelligent devices

FutureWork

- In future work they will try to combine WBAN with social network
- Add More Security & More Accuracy

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